THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR AND ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

Four Dollars per Ann.] TUESDAY, MARCH 13, 1798. [Vol. VI.---No. 768.

AT VENDUE.

ON TUESDAY and FRIDAY of every week, at 10 o'clock in the morning, will be exposed for sale at the Vendue Store (corner of Prince and Water streets

A VARIETY OF

WET & DRY GOODS.

Of which the particulars will be given previous to the sale.

The VENDUE MASTERS will always keep the Store open for the reception of GOODS, and selling of such articles therein between the times of public sales as may be on limitation. They likewise offer their services in transacting any kind of Commission Business.

MARSTELLER & SONS.

April 5th, 1797.

PUBLIC SALE.

Will positively be sold for ready money on the 15th day of March next, at the house of Doctor Elisha C. Dick, all his

Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Four Slaves, and a valuable collection of Books, to satisfy sundry claims of the United States.

ABRAM HEWES,
GEORGE TAYLOR, } *Trustees.*
J. B. NICKOLLS,

February 22.

A Valuable Lot.

On Monday the 19th instant will be sold at Public Sale on the premises,

A Lot of Ground, containing 5½ acres, situated on a lane leading from the Potomac River to the George-town road, at present in Col. John Fitzgerald's inclosure, it commands a prospect of George Town, the City of Washington, and this town. Notes negotiable in the Bank of Alexandria, with approved endorsers, payable at 3 and 6 months, will be required, but no deed executed until the notes are paid.

March 8. 9t

FOR SALE,

ON THE MOST MODERATE TERMS, BY

Anthony Charles Cazenove,

Prince Street, next door to Col. Hoge's,

Russia Sheeting,

26, 28, and 30 inch Umbrellas,
Swiss Chintzes,
Silks,
Ribbons, assorted,
Men and womens' white and coloured silk Stockings,
Thread and black silk laces,
Long and short kid gloves,
Silk gloves,
Ostrich Feathers,
Beads of all sizes,
Muslin shawls and handkerchiefs,
An elegant assortment of Watches, Jewellery, &c.
41 quarter casks Sherry wine entitled to drawback,
Brandy Preserves, and Ratafia Cordials,
Gun Powder,
Shelled Almonds, &c. &c.

March 10.

RICKETTS & NEWTON,

HAVE FOR SALE ON MODERATE TERMS,

Sugar in hhds. and bbls.

Jamaica and Antigua Spirits,
Madeira, Sherry, and Malaga Wines,
Northern Beef and Pork by the barrel.
Shad, herring, and mackrel, by do.
Whiskey in hogsheads and barrels.
A quantity of Soal Leather.
Turpentine by the barrel.
3, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 20d. Nails by the cask.
One hogshead of imported Saddle trees.
St. Ubes and Liverpool Salt.
Mens', Womens', Boys' and Girls' Shoes in barrels and trunks.
A few pieces of Brussels carpeting of good quality.
Green edged and cream coloured ware in crates.
Imported Saddles and bridles.
Jersey Cheese, Copperas, Coffee, Clover seed, Gun powder, Ground Ginger, &c.

March 9. tf

FOR SALE,

A smart active Negro Boy,

about thirteen years of age.

GURDON CHAPIN.

March 6. 3w

For Liverpool.

Will sail in eight days the fast sailing SHIP

PARKMAN,

LEWIS M'MILLAN, Master.

For freight or passage apply to the subscribers, or the master on board.

THOMPSON & VEITCH,

March 10.

ELEGANT PRINTS.

JUST RECEIVED, AND FOR SALE AT

Cottom and Stewart's Book Store,

Royal Street—within one door of Mr. M'Knight's tavern.

AN ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

PRINTS,

Framed and Glazed.

March 9.

Cottom and Stewart

ACQUAINT their friends and the public, that they have on hand, a choice collection of

BOOKS;

In the various branches of Polite Literature, which they offer for sale at their Book Store, Royal street, one door from Mr. M'Knight's, among which are the following:—

Anacharsis's Travels, 5 vol. elegantly gilt
Cooke's Voyage, 4 vol.
Do. do. 2 do.
Mrs. Radcliff's Journey through Holland in '94,
Biographical Dictionary, 8 vol.
Wonderful Magazine, 5 vol.
Gordon's History of the American war, 3 vol.
Lendrum's do. 2 vol.
Jones' History of Asia,
Winterbotham's History of China, 2 vol.
Cowper's Homer's Iliad, 2 vol. blank verse
Jefferson's Notes on Virginia,
Beattie's Elements of Moral Science, 2 vol.
Kaine's Elements of Criticism, 2 vol.
Sportsman's Dictionary
Somerville's Political Transactions,
Davis's Sermons, 3 vol.
Carr's do. 2 vol.
Davidson's Virgil,
Sheridan's Dictionary,
Shakespear's Works, 8 vol.
Jockey Club — Male and Female,
Taplin Farriery,
Wetton's Gardening, &c. &c.

NOVELS.

Knight of the Swan, 2 vol.
Madame de Barneveld 2 vol.
Haunted Priory,
Man of Feeling,
Doubtful Marriage,
Royal Captives, 2 vol.
Ned Evans, 2 vol.
Camilla, 3 vol.
Evelina, 2 vol.
Italian, 2 do.
Edwy,
Maria Cecilia,
Henrietta,
Contrast,
Antoinetta,
Count de Hoensdern, 2 vol.
Trials of the Heart, 2 vol.
Solyman and Fatyma,
Audley Fortesque,
dwy and Edida,
Augusta Denbeigh,
Gonzalva of Cordova, 2 vol.
Baroness d'Alantun,
Eloisa, 4 vol.
Wanderings of Warwick,
Paul and Mary,
Netley Abbey,
Haunted Cavern,
Romance of the Forest,
Sicilian Romance,
&c. &c.

LIKEWISE,

An elegant assortment of

STATIONARY:

VIZ.

Writing and Letter Paper, plain, gilt, and wove; blue medium and demy do. Hanging Paper, various patterns, Pasteboard, Account Books, Playing Cards, Ink stands, Sand boxes, Wafers, India rubber, Bibles, Testaments, Primmers, &c. &c.

Also, the much admired Conversation (or courting) Cards, price 25 cents.

☞ The highest price given for clean Linen or Cotton Rags.

February 27.

FALL GOODS.

Joseph Riddle & Co.

HAVE IMPORTED

IN THE SHIP ALEXANDRIA, CAPT. LOCKYER FROM LIVERPOOL,

An Extensive Assortment of

Woollens, Hardwares, Manchester Goods, &c. &c.

Which are ready for sale on the usual credit to punctual customers.

September 30.

The Columbian Mirror AND ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,

MONDAY, MARCH 5.

Mr. Livingston presented the petition of John Whittle, a soldier in the late war, praying for compensation. Referred to the committee of claims.

Also the petition of Joseph Wheaton, sergeant at arms, praying for an increase of compensation for his services—Referred to the committee of ways and means.

Mr. D. Foster, from the committee of claims, made an unfavorable report on the petition of George Fleerhouse, which was concurred in by the house.

The same gentleman observed, that he thought it proper that attention should be paid to the encouragement of the Fine Arts, and particularly to the art of designing and engraving, which had already made considerable progress in this country. The proper way of doing this, he supposed would be to secure to artists a property in their works. In order to bring this business before the house, he proposed a resolution for appointing a committee to enquire into the propriety of passing an act for this purpose, which was agreed to, and a committee of three appointed.

Mr. Clopton presented a petition from John Ellison, praying for 2000 acres of land in the North Western Territory, for the purpose of mining, at two dollars an acre.—Referred to the committee who has the North Western Territory land under consideration.

[Here follows the Message and Documents inserted in Saturday's Mirror.]

The house again resolved itself into a committee of the whole, on the bill to provide the means of intercourse with foreign nations; when Messrs. Reed, R. Williams, and Bayard spoke against the amendment, and Mr. W. C. Claiborne in favor of it.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bayard's speech (which was very long) the question was loudly called for.

Mr. Brent rose, and was about commencing some observations in reply to Mr. Bayard, when the cry of "the question" was still continued. He sat down, and some conversation took place for and against the committee's rising; but on Mr. Brent's saying he did not with the committee to rise on his account, the question for rising was put and negatived.

The question was then put upon Mr. Nicholas's amendment, and negatived, 52 to 48.

A motion was then made for the committee to rise, and ask leave to sit again, which was negatived.

The bill was proceeded with.

Mr. S. Smith moved to strike out certain words, and to insert others to this effect:

"That the President of the United States shall not allow to any minister plenipotentiary to France, Great Britain, or Spain, more than 9,000 dollars per annum, nor to any other minister plenipotentiary more than 6,000 dollars."

This amendment was negatived, there being only 47 votes in its favor.

The blanks in the bill were next to be filled; the first, which was the permanent allowance, was filled with 40,000 dollars, the next, which was for extraordinary appropriation, for this year, was 18,050 dollars. Before the latter was agreed upon,

Mr. Livingston enquired whether the sum of between 9 and 9000 dollars, which or thereabouts had been lavished away, said to be under the orders of persons taking leave from this country, was included in the incidental expences which were contained under this head. He thought such an expenditure of money forbidden by the constitution.

Mr. Harper believed the incidental expences mentioned in the estimate were expences of our ministers abroad.

Mr. Nicholas understood that three secretaries were allowed the mission at present in France. He thought this was as novel as it was unnecessary; as he believed one secretary was sufficient for the whole. The United States had employed a number of missions at different times, but never allowed more than one secretary to each. He had thought the law would not have warranted the practice; but on examining it, he supposed it did.

Mr. Harper said, every minister employed was entitled to a secretary, the President had accordingly appointed one to each, and he could not see upon what ground the house could object to appropriating for their salaries.

Mr. Nicholas answered, that as the law admitted of it, he should not object to the appropriation; but he should move an amendment to prevent more than one secretary to a mission in future. The committee then rose and reported the bill with the amendments; which being taken up in the house and agreed to, Mr. Nicholas renewed his amendment to limit the salaries of ministers plenipotentiary to London, Paris, and Madrid, to 9,000 dollars a year, and all others to 4,500 dollars.

[This motion was lost, the yeas being 48 —nays 52.]

Mr. S. Smith then renewed his motion for limiting the salaries of ministers to London, Paris, and Madrid, to 9,000 dollars, and others to 6,000 dollars, and called the yeas and nays upon it, which were taken, and were exactly the same as upon the former question.

Mr. Nicholas then made his motion to confine future missions to one secretary, which was negatived 50 to 45.

The bill was then ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

Adjourned at five o'clock.

FROM THE FARMER'S WEEKLY MUSEUM.

Since the introductory meeting of our Envoys with the French Minister of foreign affairs not a diplomatic action has passed except the delivery of credentials. From a sleeveless errand, our ministers will return reporting that another Fauchet is outward bound to embroil our country, while talking plausibly of peace. From such meters of justice as the French, we have not a right to expect even an omer of grain. When did bold Robinhood and his fellow outlaws restore the booty they had taken from the defenceless passenger? How can modern Frenchmen live, except they steal. "'Tis their vocation Hal;" and if you persuade them to restore the property, which they have purloined, you make them, what they once were orderly, sober, and honest; all which are directly contrary to the spirit of their new constitution. The Chronicles of France teem with harrangues, tending to excite the nautical spirit of the nation not a little depressed by the defeat of De Winter.——The invasion of England is one of the pleasantest fairy tales, ever repeated. To old women and very small boys it is a kind of raw head and bloody bones; to the grave authority of Great-Britain; to the nobles and gentlemen; to the soldiers and sailors such a threat "is as the idle wind which they regard not." By patent England, Buonaparte and his ingredients would be snaken off like dew drops from a Lion's mane. One Candidus, a French madman, has offered to his crazy brother, Buonaparte, a project for invading England, through the [illegible] the patron of [illegible] philosophy—In [illegible] naval [illegible] it is as [illegible] the assembly [illegible]

To those who [illegible] figurative [illegible] with [illegible] we have [illegible] [illegible] the following [illegible]

"*Men are not tied to one another by paper and ſeals. They are led to aſſociate by reſemblances, by conformities, by ſympathies. It is with nations as with individuals.—Nothing is ſo ſtrong a tie of amity between nation and nation, as correſpondence in laws, cuſtoms, manners, and habits of life. They have more than the force of treaties in themſelves. They are obligations, written in the heart.*"

The following Extract from a ſpeech of Mr. PITT, *in the Houſe of Commons, Nov.* 10, 1797, *on the Papers relative to the late Negociation at Liſle, contains a more preciſe and accurate Statement of the Terms propoſed on the Part of Great-Britain, than has hitherto appeared:*

"Did we not offer to renounce Martinique, Tobago, St. Lucia, Poudicherry, the Factory of Chandanagure, the Rights of fiſhery on the Coaſts of the iſlands of Newfoundland, and in the Gulph of St. Lawrence, the iſlands of St. Pierre and Miquelon? And here let me intreat the Houſe to conſider for what were theſe Renunciations to be made? For nothing! And to whom? To a Power which never met our Fleets but to add a new triumph to our glorious Catalogue of Victories, and to ſwell the melancholy Liſt of its own Defeats and repeated Captures—to a Power whoſe military Exertions even by Land, never met us ſingly, without gracing our Proweſs with new Laurels—a Power whoſe Commerce is unheard of—whoſe navy is annihilated—whoſe manufactures are deſtroyed—and whoſe credit has periſhed: ſuch was the ſituation of the country to whom theſe important conceſſions were offered.—Spain next falls under our conſideration, and what were our claims on Spain? What propoſals did we make to a power which only entered into the war to tarniſh whatever glory ſhe might have poſſeſſed, and to ſuccumb under indelible proofs of her diſgrace? We aſked Trinidad for that part of St. Domingo which is in our poſſeſſion. It is not my intention to enter into the juſtice of that demand, but in point of compenſation it certainly could not be objectionable.

"With reſpect to Holland, we offered to return to the Dutch every thing that was valuable in point of commercial conſequences, and we only retained poſſeſſions that could not be advantageous to them in a political view, but which, if reſtored, would doubtleſs enable their ally, France, to carry on and purſue, to the utmoſt extent, her plan of ſubjugation, not only againſt the Dutch poſſeſſions in the eaſt, but alſo againſt the Britiſh poſſeſſions in the ſame quarter."

Colud Europe be reſtored to peace, there would not be a country on earth that would offer greater encouragement to honeſt traders of capital and enterprize than America. There is ſcarcely a river of any magnitude which does not command the trade of extenſive and rich ſettlements, whoſe inhabitants are rapidly multiplying in numbers, extending their means of enjoyment, and increaſing their wealth. In this ratio ought, and undoubtedly would be, the encouragement given the fair trader, did not the fooliſh wars that deſolate the old world ſpread confuſion in every direction. But commerce has become ſo extremely precarious, owing to a continued ſyſtem of depredation and robbery, that not only all the old trading towns are compelled to reſtrain themſelves within very circumſcribed limits, but new commercial ſettlements muſt ſubmit to ſee their alluring advantages in a great meaſure unnoticed. But when the bleſt epocha of peace ſhall reviſit the world, trade muſt revive, and with it the ſpirits of the ſuffering merchant. Enterprizing characters will trace out many new channels which will equally tend to individual aggrandizement and national reſpectability.

[*Com. Adv.*]

THE ART OF BOXING

Is at preſent in ſo great repute in America, that a ſchool is eſtabliſhed in Boſton, for the purpoſe of teaching the "Scientific art nearly as" to the gentlemen of that as other towns, according to the accidents of other hoſtilities or blockades.

The Columbian Mirror

AND

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.

FOR THE COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

Mr. Gird,

A writer in the Times of the 10th inſtant, who calls himſelf one of the country ſubſcribers to that paper, has undertaken to comment upon the obſervations made in your paper of the firſt of March, under the ſignature of "LABIENUS."——If this writer does really approve of Mr. Monroe's conduct while Miniſter to France—and alſo approves of his publication—I then call on him to proceed ſyſtematically in ſhewing, from the documents publiſhed by Mr. Monroe, that he acted not only faithfully but with prudence, as our miniſter. If he will, I promiſe him that if he produces any thing worthy of notice, he ſhall be replied to. That this attempt will be made is not much to be apprehended, if we are to judge from his preſent production, which is nothing but the unſubſtantiated aſſertions of an ignorant dogmatiſt.

Circumſtances are ſuch at this time, that real friends to order and their country ſhould not remain inactive. To that inactivity may, in ſome degree, be aſcribed the unbounded inſolence of thoſe who have been ſtriving, not only to overthrow our government, but to place our necks under the Gallican yoke. There is no doubt that many, who now bellow forth democracy and equality, would with pleaſure behold their country groaning under the iron rods of French generoſity and liberty—and I take this writer to be of that number.

I think it proper to correct one quotation made by this Country Subſcriber, from the publication under the ſignature of Labienus, where it is ſtated, that the queſtion which ought to have occurred to Mr. Monroe's mind, when contemplating his publication, was, "whether it will be more beneficial to *any* country"—The word *any* is a miſtake in the preſs—the word *my* ought to have been inſerted, and the queſtion would have been, "whether it will be more beneficial to *my* country," &c. which was in the original. Thus it appears that my "patriotiſm," which this writer calls "*univerſal*," is not as extenſive as he imagines: if he had underſtood the meaning of words, he would not have uſed the word "*patriotiſm*," when he meant to expreſs that univerſal love which is called *philanthropy*. *Patriotiſm*, I have underſtood to mean a love for that country, of which you are a citizen. If this writer thinks I am poſſeſſed of this amiable principle, it is more than I can think of him; for he ſeems to love *France* more than his own country, which he would very willingly ſubject to her power.

LABIENUS.

BOSTON FEBRUARY 24.

WASHINGTON's BIRTH DAY

Was, as it ought ever to be, celebrated in numerous places throughout the Union, on Thurſday laſt. In this town, demonſtrations of gratitude diſcovered themſelves in various diſplays of feſtive hilarity. The American flag floated from all the ſhipping in the harbour, and from every flag ſtaff in town. Guns were fired, although the weather was tempeſtuous, and the bells of Chriſt-church rang merrily. Private entertainments were given in various parts of the town; and a large number of citizens, as uſual, partook of a ſumptuous dinner at

CONCERT-HALL.

Among the gueſts, were his excellency the governor, his honor the lieutenant governor, the chief juſtice and judges of the ſupreme judicial court, members of the [illegible] and ſenate, the ſpeaker of the houſe of repreſentatives, [illegible] of the clergy, general officers, [illegible] and ſtrangers of diſtinction. Several [illegible] ſplendor attended every [illegible] and the [illegible] were [illegible] the company with [illegible] ſuitable to the occaſion.

1. *The day we celebrate.*

2. *GEORGE WASHINGTON. "May his name be ſtill a rampart, and the knowledge that he lives a bulwark againſt all open and ſecret enemies of our country."* [*Waſhing. march.*]

3. *THE PRESIDENT of the United States. May the wiſdom, virtue and energy, which he has ſo univerſally diſplayed, in defence of the rights of his country, be ever held in grateful remembrance.* [*The Grand ſalute*]

4. *The Vice Preſident.*

5. *The Congreſs of the United States. May they be fully convinced, that the ſureſt expedient to preſerve peace, is to prepare for war; and that the beſt means to avoid aggreſſion, are to manifeſt the power and the diſpoſition to repel it.* [*Yankee doodle.*]

6. *The Conſtitution of the United States.—Under a wiſe and temperate regimen may it be preſerved alike from* foreign contagion *and* domeſtic diſorder.

7. *The Commonwealth of Maſſachuſetts. Uniform in her oppoſition to external foes and domeſtic faction, may ſhe perſevere in maintaining the independence of her principles.* [*Knox's March.*]

8. *Timothy Pickering, Secretary of State—May he continue firmly and ably to vindicate the meaſures of a virtuous adminiſtration.*

9. *John Jay. Faithful, able and independent, may he always enjoy the eſteem and confidence of our fellow-citizens.*

10. *Our miniſters abroad. May they remember that their higheſt duty is to vindicate [illegible] government, and not to* ſurrender *its* rights *to the intereſt of any other.*

11. *The American commiſſioners at Paris. As the motives and conduct of our government need only to be underſtood to be juſtified, may a ſpeedy opportunity occur to remove any prejudices which a miſrepreſentation of our meaſures have occaſioned.*

12. *The Clergy. May they check the progreſs of religious infidelity ſo fatal to public order and private happineſs.*

13. *The commerce of our country. May our government exert its ſtrongeſt arm for its protection, and may it riſe ſuperior to the unprincipled attacks of its enemies.*

14. *Agriculture. May the American farmer ſit under his own vine and fig tree, and enjoy in ſafety the fruits of his toil.*

15. *May American Patriotiſm never forget its home in a too generous feeling for foreign countries.*

16. *When anarchy pays court to the American Godeſs, may he be forced to take the lover's leap from our higheſt rock.*

[*On the retiring of the governor and lieutenantgovernor, their healths were given.*

VOLUNTEERS.

By general Lincoln (Preſident). May the laws protect the citizens, and the citizens the laws.

By hon. Mr. Higginſon, (firſt Vice-Preſident.) May the luminaries of Heaven be darkened ſooner than America be really ungrateful to her military ſervants.

By gen. Cobb, (ſecond Vice-Preſident.)—May the virtues of WASHINGTON be an invariable example to all future Stateſmen and Heroes.

By hon. Mr. Jackſon. Oliver Wolcott, Secretary of the Treaſury. While ability and integrity continue to mark his character, may he poſſeſs the confidence of all honeſt men.

By Major-General Elliot. James M'Henry, Secretary at War. May the talents he has diſplayed in peace, increaſe in proportion to the neceſſity of exerting them.

By hon. Mr. Ames. May our fellow-citizens uſe liberty as temperately as Waſhington *exerciſed power.*

Mr. Conſul Crafts. The American commiſſioners at London—Thanks for their paſt exertions—Succeſs to their future labours.

By Major Frazer. The Riſing Navy of America. May it like Hercules *ſtrangle ſerpents who would ſtifle it in its cradle.*

By Mr. Cooper. The population of our country;—May no ſcions be grafted on our oak, but thoſe which imbibe the juice of the Parent tree.

By Mr. Callender. George Cabot: While talents and virtues are reſpected, Maſſachuſetts will boaſt of him as her ſon.

By Mr. Lowell. May modern events convince us that a conſtitution is a "ſpider's web," in the hands of Tyrannical delegates.

By Mr. Tobin. Perſons. The Boſton Patriotic Society, and the fifty-two gentlemen in Congreſs.—May their exertions to-rid the National Legiſlature of a baaſtly character, be remembered by their conſtituents.

By Dr. Barrett. May the people of the United States perpetuate to themſelves the bleſſings of their free ſtate conſtitutions by a cheerful ſupport of the Federal Government, and obedience to its laws.

By Mr. D. Sargent. The late communication of our Executive to Congreſs: may every American heart beat in uniſon with ſuch ſentiments; and every arm be nerved to demand "reparation for injuries, and ſatisfaction for inſults."

Mr. S. Perkins, (after the General's retiring) General Lincoln—Grown Grey in the ſervice of his country, may he long continue to enjoy its eſteem and confidence.

By A Citizen. "Thunder"—the language of the Speaker of the Federal Houſe of Repreſentatives—may it reverberate thro' the Union

By A Citizen. May the Lion of the Green Mountains be conſidered by every citizen as the meaneſt reptile in creation;—the piſmire of America.

By A Citizen. The Minority in Congreſs; may we continue to gain by Honors as they loſe by odd tricks.

The Toaſts were received with cordiality and applauſe.

Notwithſtanding the weather was unfavorable, the Columbian Muſeum was well attended.

The day was ſuitably noticed at Salem, Cambridge, and other places in our vicinity

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BALTIMORE MARCH 8.

PROCLAMATION OF VICTOR HUGUES.

The ſpecial agents of the directory of the French republic to the Windward iſlands, on a report that has been made to them, that on the firſt Pluvioſe (Jan. 20) the day before the celebration of the anniverſary of the puniſhment of the laſt king of the French, (being Sunday) ſeveral American captains met to deliberate, whether they ſhould not appear to participate in the rejoicing, if they ſhould hoiſt their colours as uſual, and that the greater number, reluctant to ſuch diſcuſſions, withdrew—

Further, on the report of the major of the navy, who having obſerved ſeveral American veſſels without their colours on the 2d Pluvioſe, he addreſſed captain Nicholson of the ſhip *Charles* of Baltimore, *William Gordon*, ſupercargo, they anſwered inſolently, that they were not indebted to the French republic, nor to our government, but to the king of France, whom we had murdered; and that they were of the party of Meſſrs. JOHN ADAMS and JOHN JAY, who governed their country; adding a thouſand other impertinences which they had uttered and approbated the day before at the meeting—

Conſidering, that ſince the conqueſt of the colony from the Engliſh, the Americans have been put on the ſame footing as the French, and have fully enjoyed the ſame liberty of ſelling, purchaſing and travelling, without being liable to any duties or ſearching whatever—privileges which they owe to none but republican munificence—

Conſidering, that the government, without wiſhing to oblige Americans to participate in their republican feaſts, has on the contrary, every year given orders to the men of war and public functionaries to concur in the celebration of the epoch of their independence—

Conſidering, that foreigners are bound by the police and laws of the country they frequent; and the words and behaviour of

Capts. Nicholson, of the ſhip *Charles*, of Baltimore, Wm. Gordon, ſupercargo,
Low, of the ſchooner *Deborah*, of Boſton;
Eltin, of the ſchooner *Goliah*, of New-York;
Roberts, of the brig *Hazerd*, of Boſton;
Oak, of the ſchooner *Adventure*, of Gloceſter,

are criminal, and done in contempt of the government of the port wherein they are received, and by whom they are protected while they ſtay—

Conſidering, finally, that ſuch an offence is not to be left unpuniſhed, and deſirous to prevent the penalty from falling on the ſowers, and to ſtrike the offenders in the moſt ſenſible manner—

Resolve, That captains (as before mentioned) shall personally pay as a fine into the hands of the municipal administration of the *Port of Liberty*, a sum equal to the duties which their ships and cargoes were liable to under the reign of the last king of France, before the foundation of the republic: and that the funds proceeding from these fines shall be applied only to the relief of such Americans, as having been pressed by the English, come daily to our coasts in frail boats, at the risk and peril of their lives, and also to individuals of the same nation, whom the barbarity and cupidity of captains have induced them to abandon ashore, being sick and without assistance, and thus left in the hospitals at the charge of the republic.

Resolve further, That the present ARRETTE shall be printed in French and English, to the number of three thousand copies, at the expence of the said captains, and that it shall be posted up, distributed in the department, and sent by every opportunity to the continent of America.

And, considering that the colony is declared in a state of siege, they enjoin on the general commander in chief and on the municipal administration, to cause the present to be executed and to give an account thereof.

Port of Liberty: the 8th of Pluviose, in the 6th year of the French Republic, one and indivisible.

(Signed)
VICTOR HUGUES & LEBAS.
ANDRE, Secretary General of agency

Alexandria, March 13

Extract from the Log Book of the ship Liberty, Captain Eveleth, arrived from Rotterdam.

Lat. 33, 17, N. 73, 00, W. took up a barrel of Ship Bread, marked W. B. the barrel branded W. BROWN, the shipping mark put on with blacking, B, 102. It did not appear to have been more than 10 or 12 days in the water.

The account of the attack made on Nichola Mole, as stated in a Norfolk paper, was very erroneous. By an arrival at Philadelphia it appears, that an attack was made on that place on the 5th ult. by 500 French republicans, who were defeated with the loss of 4 men, and a field piece. The English lost one sergeant and 14 regulars. The French retreated to Jean Rabel.

One of the pleas alledged for condemning the ship Friendship, of Baltimore, at Guadaloupe, was, that her owner was a subscriber to Porcupine's Gazette!!

The Boston Federal Gazette, after inserting the message of the directory to the council of five hundred, published in the Mirror of Saturday, says

"*This message was* instantly *committed, and the committee directed to report within 25 hours.*

Extract of a letter from a gentleman of information at Havre, to his friend in Baltimore, dated Jan. 9, 1798.

"The next material thing to acquaint you of is, that the war is still likely to rage with England—that a descent on that country is resolved on, and will be attempted in a manner to astonish the world—and that our commissioners have not 'nor will not' do any thing with this government, which I have by letter from general Pinckney, of the 4th inst. from Paris. You will of course, conclude, that there will be no more security for our flag; and this last idea I beg most seriously to impress on your minds as a fact not to be misconceived by the meanest capacity. There was a proposition made a few days ago by the directory to the councils for a law to capture 'all neutrals' on which shall be found any article, the growth, produce, or manufacture of England, or any of her dependencies, and I have little doubt but it will take effect.

"The Prussian minister also lately announced to the senate of Hamburgh, that the king, his master, in consequence of the late changes and arrangements made in the German empire, would take possession of that city, with the consent of this republic. This news, however, is not public, but I believe it to be true."

In the house of representatives of the United States, the 6th instant.

It was resolved, that the committee of the whole be discharged from the consideration of the President's message of yesterday, and that it be referred to the same committee to whom had been committed that part of the president's speech which relates to the protection of commerce, and the defence of the country.

A bill was received from the senate, for amicably adjusting certain territorial claims, and for authorising the president of the United States to establish in the Mississippi territory a government similar to that north west of the river Ohio; which was referred to the committee already appointed on that subject.

FOREIGN MEMORANDA.

Admiral Story has been tried and acquitted for his conduct in the affair of admiral de Winter. The killed and wounded in the Dutch fleet were 1159. The prince of Conde has found an asylum in the palace of Paul I. at Peterburg, where he arrived the 27th November. The court of Vienna has complimented the wife of Buonaparte with a superb coach and six white horses of exquisite beauty. The emperor thinks the French general was very liberal in the cession of the Venetian territory.—The number of persons invited at the feast of the Luxembourg, in honor of Buonaparte exceeded 2000.—The directory have forbidden under severe penalty, the ringing of bells to call people to church: it is time, say they, to obliterate every trace of the ancient regimen.—The patriotic gifts made to the council of five hundred, to facilitate the projected descent on England, are very numerous but not very valuable.

NEW-YORK, MARCH 6.

ALARMING AND IMPORTANT.

We are authorised to assert, that several Americans have been arrested and confined in Paris, without any cause being assigned therefor—among them Jesse Putnam of Boston, and J. B. Murray, of this city. The brother of the minister of police informed one of the gentlemen confined, that Americans were not under the protection of the laws.

[COM. ADV.]

[*Since noting this article from the above paper, we are informed that the transaction, spoken of, took place in November last; and that one of the gentlemen, (Mr. M.) had since arrived at, or was on his way to London. The pretext for their confinement was not stated; and we understand existed only for a few days.*]

NORFOLK, MARCH 6.

The brig Betsey, captain Steed, arrived here on Saturday in 21 days from Guadaloupe, confirms the account some time since published of an insurrection in that island. The only particulars we can come at are, that the Negroes who, it is well known, have been made *French Citizens* by their patron *Victor Hugues*, finding themselves somewhat restrained in their licentiousness, determined to destroy all the Whites, in which attempt their dearly beloved friend *Victor* had nigh fallen, having, in the course of the engagement, two pistols fired at him. There were upwards of 1500 of the sooty-colored disciples to *liberty and equality* laid biting the dust; and the day after the *mighty* VICTOR put 150 more of them to death in cool blood!

MISSIONARIES.

THE Committee appointed by the Directors of the New-York Missionary Society, to obtain Missionaries to preach the gospel among the Indians do hereby give notice, that they are desirous of obtaining a number of Preachers and Catechists. Those who are attached to the doctrines of grace, can be well recommended, and are inclined to offer themselves, will be pleased to make application to the committee in New-York, where they will be particularly informed of the place, nature and terms of the Mission.

(Signed).

In behalf of the committee,
WILLIAM LINN,
CHAIRMAN.

THEATRE.

BY PERMISSION.

On Wednesday Evening, March 14, will be presented the Comedy called

The School for Scandal.

After the Play a favorite Song, by Mr. Barslett.

To which will be added the favorite Farce called

The King and Miller of Mansfield.

The doors to be opened at five, and the performance to begin precisely at six o'clock.

Tickets to be had at Messrs. Thomas & Westcott's, Book store, Royal street; M'Knight's and Renoe's Taverns, King street, at the Office of the Columbian Mirror, and at the office of the Theatre—Boxes 6/6 Upper Boxes 4/6—Children under ten years of age half price.

**** Particular care will be taken to prevent improper characters intruding themselves into the boxes.*

†† No admittance behind the scenes.

Days of performance, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.

City Tavern and Hotel,

ROYAL-STREET.

THE subscriber returns his unfeigned thanks to all Gentlemen who have heretofore honored him with their countenance and support; and, while he solicits a continuance of their favours, takes the liberty of informing them and the Public in general, that THE CITY TAVERN is supplied with every article requisite for the comfort and convenience of those who honor him with their custom. And, as it is his wish that every attention should be paid to TRAVELLERS, it shall be his peculiar study to merit their favours, by preserving order and propriety. For the more effectually carrying the intention into execution, no species of gamb in whatever will be allowed. He trust that no gentleman will endeavor to break through the rule, as it is his positive resolve strictly to adhere to it.

JOHN GADSBY.

March 13.

Ja's Patten & Ja's Dykes,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale at their Warehouse on King-Street,

New-York Beef and Pork

in barrels, prime and cargo,
Molasses in hogsheads,
Fresh Raisins in casks,
Salt, suitable for the fishery, which will be sold at a very moderate price.

March 13.

For Sale,

A GOOD SEINE,

About 40 fathoms long, and proportionably deep—will be sold cheap on application at the Office of the COLUMBIAN MIRROR.

March 13.

FOR SALE,

At Public Auction, the 25th of April next, on the Premises.

A Tract of Land, containing 134 acres in Prince George's county, in the state of Maryland, one and an half mile from the Ferry to Alexandria, adjoining the lands of Widow Neale and Captain Debots. The terms are, one third on the day of sale in hand, one third in twelve months, and the last one third in two years, with interest on bond and security. 34 acres of said land is cleared, and 100 acres in good standing wood.—Said land will be shewn by Zachariah Neale.

ANN TALBOT Executrix,
BENJAMIN TALBOT, Executor of the Estate of John Talbot, deceased.

March 13. 3w1w

Valuable Property,

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell a lease of between 3 and 4 years of the house he now occupies.

To a person who has frequented the house, it would be unnecessary to say that the character of the UNION TAVERN is well established—that in every point of view it stands on nearly equal grounds with the best, and in regard to nautical custom, its situation is highly preferable to any in Alexandria.

Presuming a purchaser would intend pursuing the avocation he now follows, he can accommodate him with every article of Household and Kitchen Furniture, necessary to a well regulated house and extensive custom.

Possession may be had immediately, and the terms of payment will be made easy, on application to

SAMUEL HILTON.

February 27. tf

PRICES CURRENT,

Alexandria, March 13, 1798.

[*To the politeness and attention of the Gentlemen Underwriters and Merchants, who frequent the Coffee-House of Alexandria, the Editor is indebted for the formation of the following PRICES CURRENT.—It is his intention to publish it weekly; or, at least, as often as he can procure regular prices—and trusts that Country Gentlemen will derive such an advantage from it, that his Subscription List, which is already increasing, will receive a respectable addition.*]

		D.	C.		D.	C.
ANCHORS,	lb.		17½			
Bread, ship	C.	3	33⅓			
—— pilot	—	4	66⅔			
Butter	lb.		19½	to	21	
Beef, cargo	C.	13	0			
Beans	bush.		83⅓			
Barley	——	6	0			
Brandy, French	Gall.	1	66⅔	to	1	75
—— Spanish	——	1	33⅓			
Bees Wax	lb.		27½			
Coffee	——		27½			
Copperas	C.	3	0			
Corn, Indian	bush.		66⅔			
Cotton,	lb.		36			
Cordage	C.	15	0			
Chocolate	lb.		25			
Candles, dipt	——		16⅔			
—— mould	——		20½			
Cheese, English	——		41½			
—— American	——		12½			
Duck, American	bolt.	16	0			
—— Russian	——	15	0	to	16	33⅓
—— Ravens	——		—		—	
Fish, Salmon	bbl.	10	0			
—— Herrings	——	4	50			
—— Mackarel	——	10	0			
Glass, 10 by 8	100ft	12	0			
Gin, Hollands	Gall.	1	0			
—— Country	——		83⅓			
Gunpowder	L.C.		75			
Ginger, Race	C.	6	0			
—— Ground	——	8	33⅓			
Hemp	T.	266	66⅔			
Hops	lb.		41½			
Hides, dried	Piece		9½			
—— green	——		5½			
Iron, Pig	T.	31	66⅔			
—— Country bar	C.	5	0		6	0
—— Russian do.						
—— Swedish, do.						
Lead, Sheet	——	6	33⅓			
—— Bar	——	8	0			
Leather, Soal	lb.		16⅔			
—— Upper	——		33⅓			
Molasses	Gall.		54			
Nutmegs	lb.	6	0			
Nails 20d.	——		12½			
—— 10d.						
—— 8d.						
—— 6d.						
Oil, Florence	Case.	5	0			
—— Linseed	Gall.	1	0	to	1	25
—— Liver	bbl.	12	0			
Oats	bush.		50			
Pepper	lb.		33⅓			
Pimento	——		16⅔			
Pitch	bbl.	3	33⅓			
Pork, Cargo	——	18	0	to	22	
—— Mess						
—— Prime						
Raisins	Cask.	8	33⅓			
Rice	C.	2	50			
Rosin	bbl.	4				
Rum, W. I.	Gall.	1	0	to	1	33⅓
—— New England	——		75	to	0	79
Rye	bush.		75			
Saltpetre, refined	lb.		75			
Soap, brown	——		10			
—— white	——		14½			
Starch, first quality	——		12½			
—— second do.	——		8			
Staves (W. O.) Hhd.	1200	25	66⅔			
—— bbl.	——	13	33⅓			
Sugar, Brown	C.	12	6			
—— Loaf	lb.		29			
Salt, Rock	bush		58			
—— Lisbon	——		50			
Steel, German	lb.		13⅓			
Tar	bbl.	2	50			
Turpentine	——	3	33⅓			
Tea, Bohea	lb.		54			
—— Souchong	——		56⅔			
—— Hyson	——	1	50			
Wine, Madeira	Gall	2	0	to	2	33⅓
—— Sherry	——	1	0	to	1	16⅔
—— Lisbon	——	1	0			
—— Teneriffe	——	0	77⅔			
—— Port	——	1	16⅔			
Wheat	bush.	1	25			
Whiskey	gl.		66⅔	10	0	75

FLOUR.

Superfine, from 38 to 41s.
Fine, from 35 to 38s.

POETRY.

"*I give my* NOISELESS *hours, blest* POETRY, *to thee.*"

VERSES,

Written two years after those

"TO A TUFT OF EARLY VIOLETS."

BY WILLIAM GIFFORD, ESQ.

I wish I was where ANNA lies,
For I am sick of languishing here;
And ev'ry hour AFFECTION cries—
"Go, and partake her humble bier."

I wish I could, for when she dy'd,
I lost my all; and life has prov'd,
Since that sad hour, a dreary void—
A waste unlovely, and unlov'd!

But who, when I am turn'd to clay,
Shall duly to her grave repair,
And pluck the ragged moss away,
And weeds that have "no business there?"

And who with pious hand shall bring
The flow'rs she cherish'd (Snowdrops cold)
And Vi'lets that unheeded spring,
To scatter o'er her hallow'd mould?

And who, while MEM'RY loves to dwell
Upon her name for ever dear,
Shall feel his heart with passion swell—
And pour the bitter, bitter tear?

I did it, and, would FATE allow,
Should visit still, should still deplore;
But Health and Strength have left me now,
And I, alas, can weep no more!

Take then, sweet Maid, this simple strain,
The last I offer at thy shrine;
Thy Grave must then undeck'd remain—
And all thy Mem'ry fade with mine!

And can thy soft persuasive look,
Thy voice that might with music vie,
Thy air that ev'ry gazer took,
Thy matchless "Eloquence of Eye."

Thy Spirits, frolicsome as good,
Thy courage by no ills dismay'd,
Thy patience by no wrongs subdu'd,
Thy gay good humor, can they "fade!"

Perhaps—but sorrow dims my eye;
Cold Earth, which I no more must view,
Dear Name, which I no more must sigh—
A long, a last, a sad Adieu!

JUST LANDED,
AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN G. LADD,
8 pipes French Brandy,
7 hogsheads of Linseed Oil,
50 barrels Beef,
10 do. Mackerell,
8000 lb. Soal Leather,
A few bales Ravens' Duck,
Russia Sheeting and American Sail cloth.
20 pieces painted Oil cloths,
20 casks wrought and cut nails,
And a quantity of Tow Cloth.
March 10.

Miniature Painting

THE subscriber begs leave to return his most grateful thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Alexandria, and its vicinity, for the liberal encouragement he has met with since his arrival, and intending shortly to go to Baltimore, would be very happy to wait on any Lady or Gentleman, in the line of his profession before his departure.

P. A. PETICOLAS,
At Mr. Abett's Tavern.
March 8.

John Johnston
Has on hand a general assortment of
FASHIONABLE HATS,

Of the best quality, which he will sell low. He has also a quantity of HAT TRIMMINGS, well assorted, consisting of Linings, fine and coarse:—Galoon binding;—Red skins;—Bowstrings;—Blocking twine:—Stoping brushes;—Logwood;—Copperas; &c. &c. with a good assortment of Furs.
January 27.

THE sale of the Lands advertised by the subscriber in the Alexandria and Winchester papers of the 23d January last, to take place at Marlborough Iron Works, on the 8th instant, is postponed until the 11th day of April next, at which time and place that part will certainly be sold, which is destined to raise the sum of 8000 Dollars, agreeable to the said advertisement.

RICHARD M. SCOTT.
March 6.

CHRISTOPHER GIRD,
HAIR DRESSER,

INFORMS the public, that he has received a large and general assortment of the following articles in the Hair-dressing and Perfumery Line, which he offers for sale, viz.

SOAPS: Violet, Cowslip, Patent Windsor, and Windsor
Powders: Hair, Shaving, & Tooth
Chymical and variegated Washballs.
Hard and soft Pomatums, and Milk of Roses,
Essences: Bergamot, Lemon, & Lavender
Tortoise shell and horn combs.
Razors and Shaving Boxes.
Curling and Pinching Irons.
Hair Ribbon,
Hair Pins.
Cushions for Gentlemens' Neck handkerchiefs, &c.

☞ Country Stores may be supplied on moderate terms for cash.
March 6.

JOHN LAMOINE,
FAIRFAX STREET, OPPOSITE THE STORE OF MESSRS. PATTON & BUTCHER,
HAS FOR SALE ON COMMISSION,
The following articles, which he will dispose of on VERY MODERATE TERMS for cash or country produce, viz.

4000 pair of Men, Women, Girls and Boys' SHOES, well assorted, by wholesale or retail—*These articles will be sold remarkably low.*
20 barrels of West-India and East-India SUGAR.
70 boxes of excellent dry COD FISH, well packed up.
15 frails of fresh FIGS.
15 barrels of WHISKEY.

He has also for sale,
Several Lots and Houses in this town.—He purchases and sells Bank Stock.—Gives Cash for Notes, or on good security—and continues to transact business as a Broker, and on Commission, on his usual plan. He pledges himself, that a strict secrecy will be observed in all cases where required.

He has likewise on hand, a variety of
Saddles and Bridles, Carriage and Waggon HARNESS, &c. &c,
March 6.

Notice.

WASHINGTON J. WASHINGTON & CO. having made an assignment of their property and out standing debts to us as trustees, for the benefit of their creditors, in the deed of assignment mentioned. Those indebted to the said firm will please to take notice, that their accounts are to be settled, and their respective ballances paid to the subscribers,

Who have for Sale on a liberal credit, with approved security,
ABOUT FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS VALUE OF
ASSORTED GOODS,
Suitable for a retail store.

WM. I. HALL,
JAMES WILSON,
RICHARD VEITCH,
Trustees.
March 1. tf

NOTICE,

To the Creditors of ELISHA C. DICK, *and* JAMES M. M'KEA & Co.

ELISHA C. DICK, having by two deeds, bearing date the 30th July last, conveyed to us in trust, for the benefit of his and their creditors, a house and lot in the town of Alexandria; sundry tracts of land in the counties of Hampshire and Hardy; a farm and mill in the county of Fairfax, and all his outstanding debts of every description, together with his household furniture, four slaves, and library. But inasmuch as the validity of the conveyance depended upon the concurrence of the creditors, with a condition of exoneration thereto annexed within a specific time, and some of the creditors not having to concurred within the time limited; this is therefore to notify to them, generally, that the said trust is null and void, except so far as relates to the house and lot, furniture, slaves, and library, which were conveyed unconditionally, for specific purposes.

ABRAM HEWES,
GEORGE TAYLOR,
J. B. NICKOLLS.
Trustees.
February 22.

Notice.

THE Partnership of THOMAS DEMPSEY, ROBERT HARRIS, and WILLIAM PENROSE MATTHEWS, carried on under the firm of

DEMPSEY, HARRIS, & CO.

Is this day dissolved by mutual consent; all persons having demands against the said firm will please apply for settlement—and those indebted are requested to pay the same to

THOMAS DEMPSEY,
Who is duly authorised to settle up the business of the concern.

N. B. The DRUG BUSINESS will be continued by me at the same Store, and on the same extensive plan as formerly.

T. DEMPSEY.
February 25. tf

Houses to Rent, for one or a Term of Years.

THAT three story Brick House, situate on the corner of King and Pitt streets. The store, one room, and the cellar under them, are at present occupied by Mr. George Darling. The rest of the house, being sufficient to accommodate a large family, is occupied by the Rev. James Wilson. They will be rented together, or separate, as may best suit any person wanting them, and possession given the 15th day of next month.

Also, that pleasantly situated two story frame dwelling house, on Princess street, near Water street, now in the occupation of the Rev. Theophilus Harris. This house is very roomy, has a good cellar under the front part, and a convenient garden beonging to it. Possession can be had the first day of next month.

Also, that one story framed dwelling house, situate on the corner of Water and Queen streets, next to the house now in the tenure of Mr. George Slatford, and lately occupied by Benjamin Lloyd. Possession may be had immediately.

HEPBURN & DUNDAS.
March 8. 3wep

To be Let,
FOR ONE OR MORE YEARS.
A commodious Dwelling
House for a small family, pleasantly situated on Pitt street, with a small Garden.

CHARLES SIMMS.
February 27.

Ten Dollars Reward.

STOLEN from the Subscriber's Plantation about two miles to the Southward of the Eastern Branch Ferry, Prince George County, Maryland, on Sunday the 18th inst. a bay horse fifteen hand high, six or seven years old, he pokes his head out, has a great many white hairs in his tail joining his rump—has been surfeited, but is recovering from it. His hair is much rubbed on the sides and thighs particularly on the right side; he paces and canters, and is a good road horse, his fore feet turn in very much. This horse was brought across the ferry to Alexandria on the same night by a man about five feet three inches high of a pale complexion, thin made, and his hair queued. Whoever will deliver the said horse to me in the City of Washington, or to my overseer at the aforesaid Plantation shall receive the above reward.

NOTLEY YOUNG.
February 27. 1798. tf.

For Sale,
5 very likely negro fellows,
about 22 years of age, have been used to plantation business.

ALSO,
Three likely Women, with their children—three or four in each family.—For terms apply to

JOHN DANCE,
Ravensworth, Fairfax county.
November 10, 1797.

RECEIVED by the Alexandria from Lisbon
A few Quarter Casks of
LISBON WINE,
of a superior quality, and fit for immediate use.

ON HAND,
Muscovado and East India Sugar in hhds. and bbls, N. E. Rum in do. do. lime, bar iron, loaf sugar, Corolina indigo, Boston beef, James river coal, wheat bran by the large or small quantity, whiskey in tierces and bbls. and a few quarter casks of Sherry and Teneriffe wine, all of which we offer for sale on the lowest terms for cash, or to punctual men, on a short credit.

ALSO,
A FEW BARRELS OF
Good Pork.

Wm. HARTSHORNE & SONS.
3d mo. 1st.

L. & C. POWELL,
AT THEIR STORE ON KING-STREET,
Have received an additional supply of
DRY GOODS,

Which makes their retail assortment very general and complete.——They have also for sale a large quantity of INDIA COTTONS & TICKLENBURGS by the piece—Madeira Wine in pipes and quarter casks, Bar Iron by the ton—and a few crates of well assorted Queensware, which they will sell low for cash, or on a short credit.

November 21. tf

FORTY BARRELS AND HALF BARRELS OF
Prime and Mess Beef,
FOR SALE BY
THOMAS ROGERSON & CO.
January 4.

FOR SALE,
About 9000 bushels Salt,
Just received by the Ship Lexington, Captain M'Kenzie from St. Ubes.

Wm. WILSON.
February 20. tf

David Wilson Scott

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends an the public, that he has removed from Dumfries to this town, and taken a convenient warehouse at the corner of Prince and Royal streets, where he will be glad to receive Flour on storage, or any other commission, with which he may be favoured.

He still continues his store in Dumfries, where his friends in the neighbourhood of that place, may have their Flour stored as heretofore, or brought up to Alexandria, as he has two vessels which run constantly between the two places.

☞ *Cash given for Flour at his Store in Alexandria.*
February 6. 6w1aw

A BARGAIN.

I WOULD willingly sell low for cash, or exchange for Goods, a Tract of Land in Loudoun county, near Middleburgh, containing 853 acres, 200 of which are cleared, and under good fencing; the balance covered with a thick growth of valuable timber. Any person desirous of purchasing may be shewn the land on application to Mr. Augustine Love, who lives near the premises.—For further particulars enquire of Mr. Charles Love, Alexandria, or the subscriber at Buckland.

SAMUEL LOVE, Jun.
January 30.

To Rent,
A convenient two story Frame House,

In a central situation, calculated for the accommodation of a Store and Family. For further particulars apply at the office of the Mirror.
February 24.

FOR SALE,
A Lease for Five Years of a HOUSE and LOT,

Situate on the south side of King street, between Pitt and St. Asaph street.—For particulars apply to

JOSIAH CORYTON.

☞ Immediate possession will be given.
February 27. tf

TO RENT,

A TAN YARD, with curry shop, bark & mill house, and a number of vats, sufficient for the working in upwards of 600 hides and skins—also a convenient dwelling house and shoemaker's shop, situate in Loudoun county, within ten miles of Leesburg, on the turnpike road leading from Alexandria to Key's ferry, in a good neighbourhood for the sale of leather, and the procuring of tan bark.

Possession may be had early in next summer, and as part of the vats are unoccupied by the present tenant, liberty will be granted to the person renting the premises to go to work immediately. For terms enquire of John Klienhoff on the place, or to the subscriber living in Alexandria.

JONAH THOMPSON.
Thompson Mill,
Loudoun county, Jan. 31. tf

ALL those having claims against the Estate of CHRISTOPHER MYERS are requested to bring them forward, by the first day of April, to the Subscribers.

W. W. WILLIAMS & Co.
ADMINISTRATORS.
Matildaville, February 22.

Fruit Trees and Garden Seeds for Sale.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed his NURSERY, to the south end of Pitt Street, where he has a general assortment of

Grafted Fruit Trees,

of the best kind, such as Apples, Pears, Plumbs, Peaches, Cherries, Apricots, Sweet Almonds, Nectarines, Quinces, Figs, French Grapes, Currant and Gooseberry bushes, sweet and bitter Herbs, and a variety of Flower Shrubs Lombardy Poplar, Pride of China, and other ornamental trees; an assortment of Garden Seed, of last year's growth. For terms apply to

PETER BILLEY, Nursery Man.
March 8. 3t

ALEXANDRIA:
Printed every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday,
BY
HENRY GIRD, JUN.